QA and QC in the Mohs Lab

What will make your CLIA surveyor smile?

Some forms have been blurred for proprietary reasons. Please contact the author at brockconsulting1@aol.com for more information.



Brock Consulting Services, LLC



Say what you're going to do. Be able to prove it with documentation.



What is QA and What is QC?

QA is Quality Assessment/Assurance

- Assessment or Assurance?
- "Ongoing review process that encompasses all facets of the laboratory technical and non-technical functions..."
 - From the AAD CLIA manual

QC is Quality Control

- Detecting errors
- Monitoring accuracy and precision
- Control procedures ≥ manufacturer specifications

The Difference between QA and QC

QA is preparation

- Assessment:
 - Developing policies & proceduresWhere/when <u>can</u> things go wrong?
 - How can errors be prevented
- Assurance:
 - Ongoing monitoring of systems
 - Preventing the errors
 - Checking up regularly

QC is the everyday

- How to know if something goes wrong
 - With test system
 - With environmental conditions
 - With operator performance
 - With accuracy/precision over time
- Controls!
 - > Test runs
 - ▶ Comparisons

Must meet Quality Standards
Be able to prove it was and ards

By Tom Murphy VII - Own work, CC BY-SA 3.0, https://commons.wikimedia.org/w/index.php?curid=29569

General Requirements

- Confidentiality
- Addressing complaints
- Facility
 - Space
 - Ventilation/air flow
- Communication



QA: Meeting Quality Standards - Communication

Complaints/ Problems/ Communic. Breakdowns

Corrective action

Document

Review with staff

-discuss issues

-look for solutions

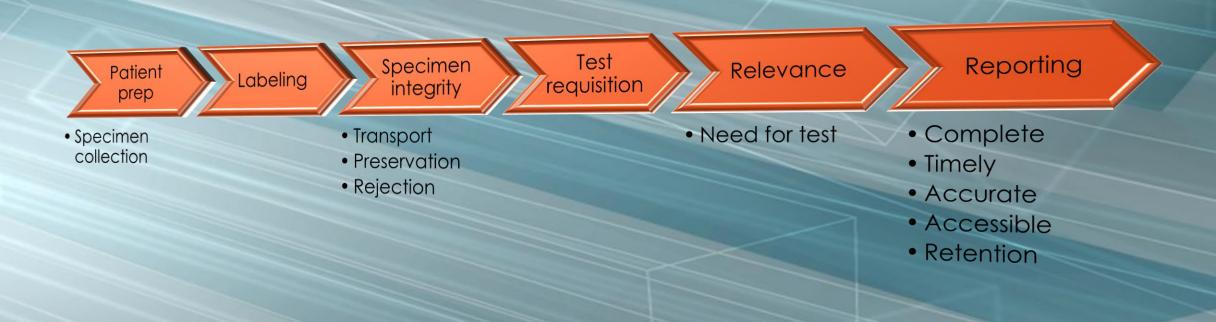
Prevent recurrences

Keep records and make available

Quality Lab

QA: Meeting Quality Standards - testing procedures

Systems for monitoring and evaluating testing procedures

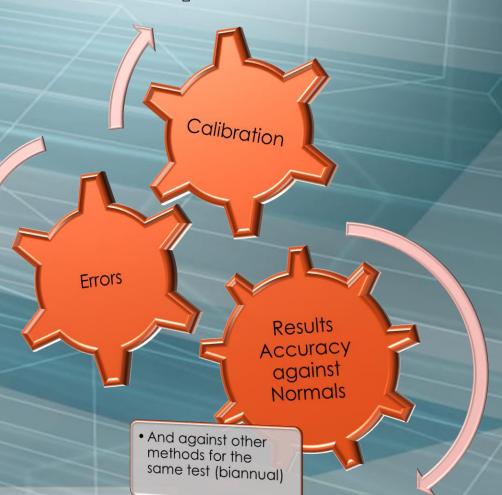


QA: Meeting Quality Standards - QC problems

Systems to correct for QC problems

Verification of performance

Maintenance and function checks





QA: Meeting Quality Standards - Proficiency

- Proficiency testing and competence
- Addressing failures

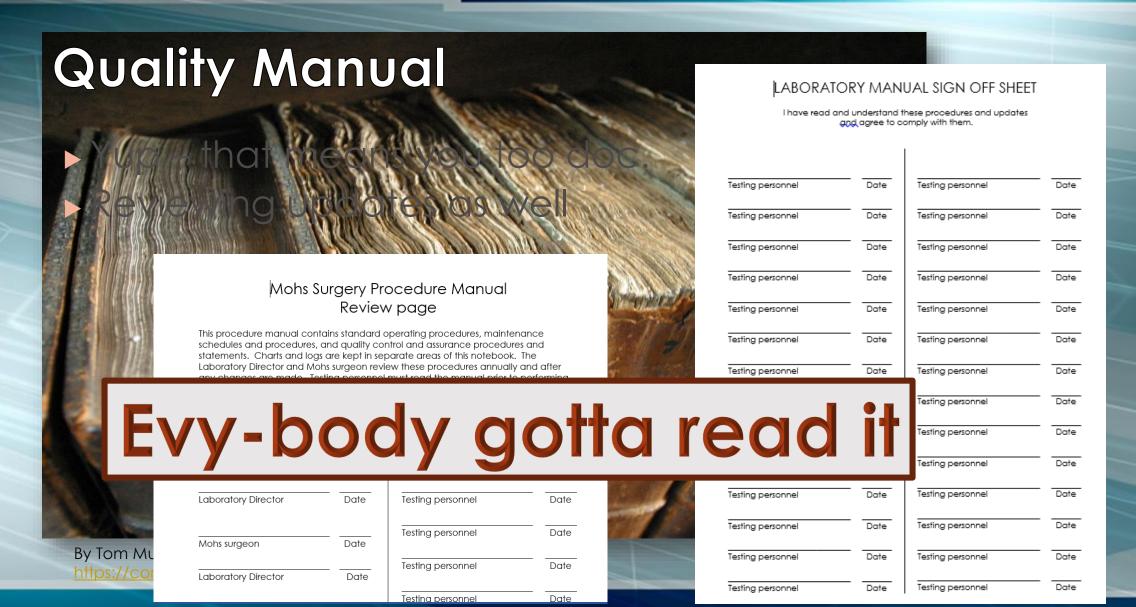
Lab Director

Consultants

Surgeon

Technician

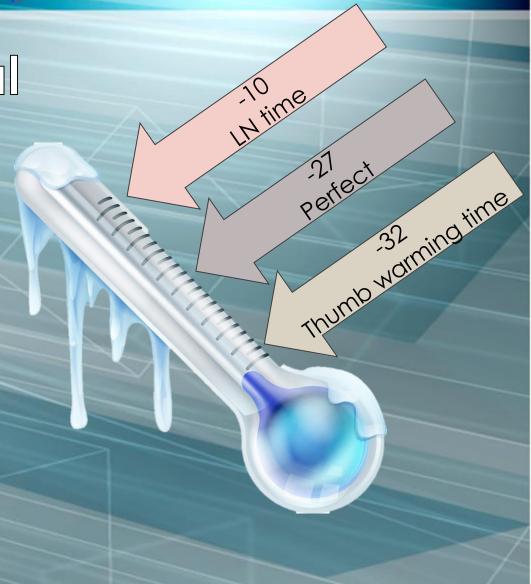
Others





What to put in your manual

- Procedures in detail
 - Allow for latitude
 - e.g. Use a range of temps
- Copies of all your forms
 - Update forms
 - Update manual



QA Section of the Manual

- Monitor and evaluate the quality of the testing process
 - Test management
 - Corrective actions for QC
 - Twice a year proficiency testing and annual competency
 - Inconsistent results
 - Methods to hand review issues

QA Section of the Manual

- How will you make sure your tests are accurate and precise?
 - What does the manufacturer require?
 - Equipment, media
- Where can things go wrong?
 - How will you attempt to keep them from going wrong?
 - What are you going to do if/when they do?

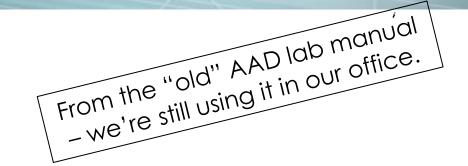


QC Section of the Manual

- Day to day monitoring of your processes
- Problem solving methods and remediation

QC Section from the AAD Manual

Quality Control Program



It is the policy of the Dermatology Center laboratory to maintain a Quality Control Program to ensure accuracy of results reported. All employees of this laboratory must be familiar with and adhere to all the policies herein stated with regard to quality control.

The Quality Control Program involves monitoring the facilities; test methods and equipment; reagents, materials and supplies; procedure manual; method verification; equipment maintenance; calibration and calibration verification; control procedures; remedial actions; and maintenance of quality control records.

- "...facilities, test methods and equipment...
 ...maintenance; calibration and calibration verification..."
- Records must be kept of anything that might affect results
- Maintenance, grounding/safety, and cleaning, plus ...
 - Scopes calibration
 - Cryostats temperature
 - Stainers function, manufacturer recommendations
 - Fridges temperatures
 - Hoods airflow, filter changes
- Look to manufacturer recommendations
 - If none, then Lab Director decides document rationale
 - Keep copies of equipment manuals with records

...reagents, materials, and supplies..."

- How will you assure quality?
- Say what you will be recording and understand why
 - Record lot numbers to hold manufacturer accountable
 - Record expiration dates to avoid using degraded products
 - Pay attention to your everyday tools
 - Detail what you will do if items are substandard

- "...procedure manual..."
- Perform an annual review
- Read through all your procedures
- Imagine your daily routine
 - Is there anything missing?
 - Have you adapted or changed a procedure?
 - Have you changed your suppliers or service companies?

- "...method verification..."

 Did you learn something new at a conference?
 - Practice first using extra tissue
 - Perfect it for your practice
 - Write it up
 - Include results comparison
 - Include literature citations
 - Have the Laboratory Director sign and date it
 - Begin using on patient tissue

"...control procedures...remedial action..."

- How will you make sure the results are valid
 - Running control before or with patient specimens
 - Comparison to photographs of standards
- Basic remediation What if something goes wrong?
 - Stain doesn't look right
 - Piece crumbles out of block
 - Re-do test
 - Take another stage at no charge
 - Etc.
 - Document on QC Problems Sheet Details for each occurrence



Say what you're going to do



Equipment Quality Control — Microscope

Note: Indicate frequency of activity in appropriate space, e.g., every six me...ns.

- 1. Microscope stage and ocular eye pieces are to be cleaned each day of use Stage is to be cleaned with alcohol or similar cleaner and cleaner are to be cleaned with lens paper.
- 2. Grounding check is monitored every year
- 3. Notify the supervisor if any problems occur with instrumentation.
- 4. Every action is documented on the maintenance record form.

5. Mi Annual checks done by Optitech - (no scopes with ocular)

Protocol for Dealing with a Nonfunctioning Microscope (Check applicable statement)

If, during an examination of specimens, the microscope should become nonfunctioning:

- _____ A back-up microscope is available at all times.
- _____ The test will be postponed until the microscope is repaired.
- _____ Other (specify) ______

From the "old" AAD lab manua



Update Regularly

- Document changes
 - Date
 - What changed
 - Signed by the Lab Director

From the "old" AAD lab manual

Equipment Quality Control — Cryostat			
Note: Indicate frequency of activity in appropriate space, e.g., every six months.			
Temperature is recorded daily and documented.			
2. Temperature range is ;20° C to -30° C.			
 Corrective action is taken and documented if temperature exceeds range. 			
4. Defrost of machine is done <u>automatically</u> or 95% alcohol			
5. Interior is cleaned day of usesing absolute alcohol, while wearing gloves.			
Cryostat knives are sharpened as needed.			
7. Air filter is cleaned as part of the maintenance every 6 months			
8. Thermometer check is done monthly annually with a NIST Thermometer during			
9. The fly wheel and moving components on the cryostat are oiled, as recommended by the manufacturer, every month			
10. Preventive maintenance and grounding check are done every year was tech \$100			
11. If any accidents occur while working with the cryostat, report to your supervisor and the incident will be documented.			
12. Notify supervisor if any problems occur with instrumentation.			
13. Every action is documented on the maintenance record form.			
Protocol for Dealing with a Nonfunctioning Cryostat			
The cryostat is checked <u>each day of use</u> for proper functioning.			
If the unit does not work, the patients who have been scheduled for surgery on that day			

The service contract company will then be called for repair. Repair or replacement is

Buck up unit available onsite. Checkey

"Like all magnificent things, it's very simple."

- Natalie Babbitt, Tuck Everlasting

VI. Quality Control and Quality Assurance – All quality control is performed by the surgeon at the time of the slide reading. Any artifacts in the tissue will be noted on the "QC Problems" sheet and signed by the Laboratory Director. All efforts will be made to preserve the integrity of the specimens and the solutions. Any problems will be noted on the "QC Problems" sheet and brought to the attention of the surgeon and Laboratory Director. Solutions to these problems may be made by the technician, noted as "action taken" and approved by the surgeon. Any trend in problems will be solved by the technician and the surgeon and recorded appropriately as "action taken." Controls are taken from tissue used on previous days as available, stored on slides and run through the staining sequence prior to use on current patients. In the absence of tissue from a previous day to run as a control, the first slide of the day will serve as the control. The quality of the stain (good or poor) and any comments about the control tissue are recorded on the Control Slide Log. Poor staining quality requires adjustment of the staining process and is noted on the log.

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The Derma Rapids, p.C.

The Grand Rapids, p.C.

Say what you're goir Say what you say. Do what you say. Be able to prove it w

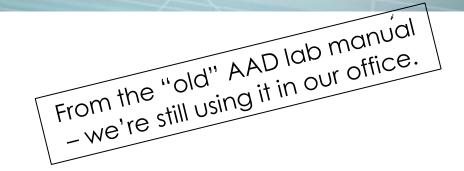
If your manual says one thing and you do another



Creative commons derivative work

QC Section from the AAD Manual - here's what you said

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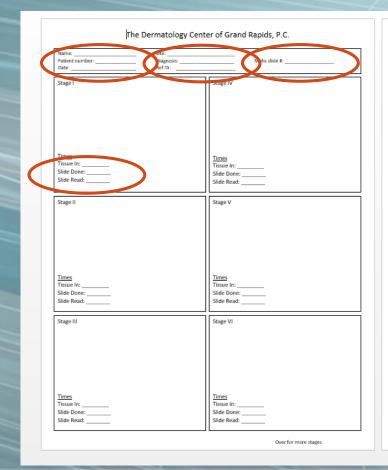
- "...reagents, materials, and supplies..." Do what you say
 - You said what you would be recording
 - Record lot numbers to hold manufacturer accountable
 - Record expiration dates to avoid using degraded products
 - Pay attention to your everyday tools
 - Detail what you will do if items are substandard

- Use to record all stains and media
- Helps to have date opened on log in case you forget to put it on the bottle



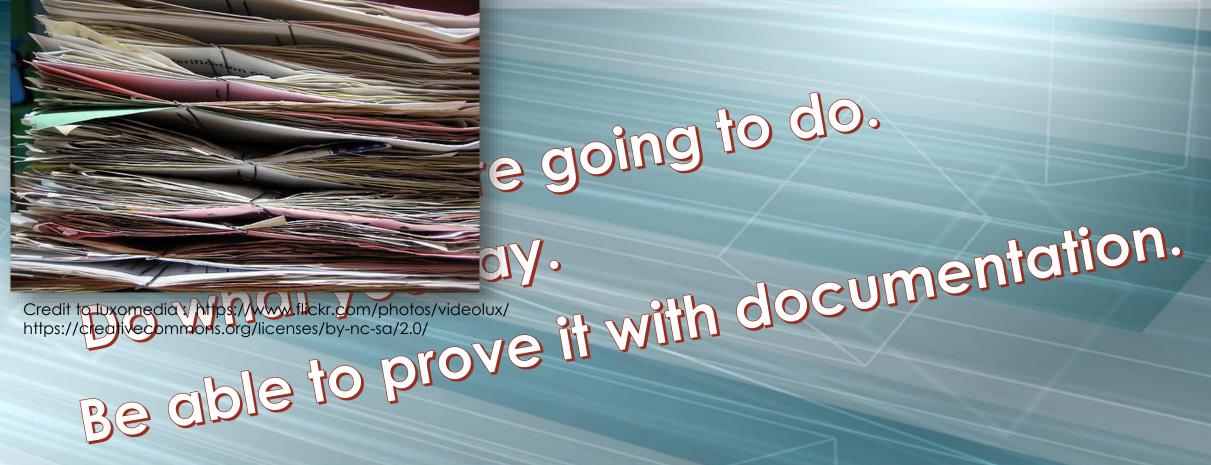
Labeling, transport, need for testing – Do what you say.

- Labeling
 - Patient Name (site)
 - Unique identifier
 - Slide/case number
 - Date
- Reason for test
 - Diagnosis
- **Timeliness**
 - Time in and time out
 - Tech
 - Surgeon



Stage VII	Stage VIII
Times Tissue In: Slide Done: Slide Read:	Times Tissue In: Slide Done: Slide Read:
Stage IX	Stage X
Times Tissue In: Slide Done: Slide Read:	Times Tissue In: Slide Done: Slide Read:

From the Mohs Surgery manual Center of of the Dermatology P.C.



Complete and accurate records win the day.



Maintenance Records - microscope

MAINTENANCE RECORD – MICROSCOPE Stage and oculars cleaned each day of use or as needed

Location of Scope: EEV Scope Mohs Lab		KRB Scope N	KRB Scope Mohs Lab	
Date	Initials	Date	Initials	
		-		

From the Mohs surgery manual Center of the Dermatology P.C.

From the Dermatology P.C.

Grand Rapids, P.C.

Maintenance Records - cryostat



Temperature Logs



Control Runs for Slides

- Include what you're looking for
- Include lot #'s
- Evaluate your own slide
- Surgeon OK's it
- Poor quality?
 - How is it addressed?

QC Problems

- Make sure you write it down
- Surveyors don't like a blank QC Problems sheet

Roder I Roder I Roder I Roder

Check up on yourself regularly - Monthly

- Personnel
- Instruments/Environment
- Recordkeeping
- Mediums/Reagents
 - Lot numbers
 - Control runs
 - Expiration dates
- Sign and date
- Lab Director signs off

....And Biannually (Proficiency Testing)

- Choose or randomize a slide
- Send out or do in house if more than one dermpath
 - Must be blind reading
 - Tester should know methodology
 - Frozen section/H & E
 - Frozen section/immune staining(type)
- Retain both reports for documentation
- Detail and address all failures

....And Annually

- Personnel
 - CME
 - Competency
 - Confidentiality
- Instrument annual checks
- Records
 - Forms collected
 - Proficiencies done
 - Manual review
 - Updates reviewed
- QA
- Problems addressed
- Communications

Annual Competency Evaluations

- Lab Director reviews all testing personnel
 - Knowledge give a test
 - Pathologist
 - Technician
 - Direct observation
 - Procedure manual
 - Reagent handling
 - Knows procedure
 - Follows quality measures
 - Reports properly
 - Follows HIPAA

Annual Competency Evaluations

- Supervisors and consultants as well
- Give a different test
 - Offer study guide
 - Then give blank form
- Also need observation
- Others can observe
- Lab director signs off

Say what you're going to do. Be able to prove it with documentation.

